

Products Study:

Evaluation of Revíve from THREE on Superoxide Production in-vitro

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Abstract Background:

Superoxide is a molecule produced in the body that, when produced in excess can cause an unhealthy imbalance in the inflammatory status of the body. Managing and suppressing superoxide production is critical for maintaining a healthy inflammatory status in the body and promoting proactive wellness. The purpose of this study is to evaluate the ability of Revíve from THREE International to inhibit superoxide production in human cells.

Methods:

Human epidermal liver cells (THLE-2) were prepared, cultured, and harvested according to standard microbiological processes. 180 μ L of cells were added to a 96 well plate along with a WST-1 cell proliferation assay, and then incubated with Revíve at two different concentrations (50 μ g/mL and 150 μ g/mL). Cells were assayed for superoxide production by reading the plate at 450 nm at 5 different timepoints.

Results:

As shown in Table 1 below, Revíve from THREE was able to inhibit superoxide production in human liver cells by almost 36% at a concentration of 150 μ g/mL. This concentration is similar to amounts seen in the body after oral consumption of Revíve.

SAMPLE ID	Superoxide Concentration (Mean OD450)	SEM	% INHIBITION
Inactivated Cells (0.15% DMSO)	2.05	0.12	0
Activated Cells (0.15% DMSO)	2.2	0.05	0
Three Revíve (50 µg/mL)	2.33	0.09	3.98
Three Revíve (150 µg/mL)	1.42	0.18	35.87

 Table 1: Ability of Revíve to inhibit superoxide production in human

 liver cells as measured by a WST-1 Assay.

SUMMARY:

In conclusion, Revive from THREE can support a healthy inflammatory status in the body by downregulating the production of superoxide in liver cells. Bringing inflammation back into balance can support healthy joints, ease muscle stiffness and soreness, promote exercise recovery, and counteract the negative effects of free radicals.